



Georgia Soil and Water Conservation Commission

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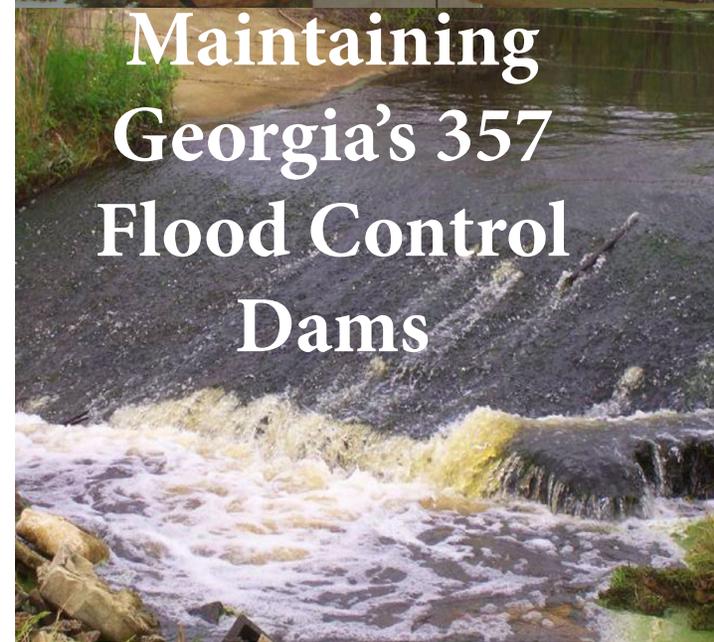
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Map of flood control dams in Georgia



The Georgia Soil and Water Conservation Commission (GSWCC) was formed to support Georgia's 40 Soil and Water Conservation Districts that assist landowners in protecting and developing their soil and water resources.

Soil and Water Conservation Districts sponsor flood control dams in Georgia, but many people are not aware that they are living either upstream or downstream from a dam. Often the dams existed before homes, roads, and bridges were built to meet population increases. To assist, GSWCC has posted a listing (by county) of the state's flood control dams, which can be found at: <http://www.gasbcc.org/wsd-search.php>



Maintaining Georgia's 357 Flood Control Dams

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Georgia has 357 flood control dams. While these dams were built for agricultural flood control, many of these dams now protect buildings, roads, bridges, farms, businesses, and families that are located downstream as a result of Georgia's rapid urban growth.

State safety experts believe that more than 40 percent of Georgia's flood control dams would result in probable loss of human life if they suddenly released their water due to improper operation or dam failure.

The average flood control dam in Georgia is more than 50 years old, and the average cost to rehabilitate a dam is more than \$1.5 million. Without more flexible and innovative means of funding, it will take Georgia more than 175 years to complete rehabilitation of its dams.

Soil and Water Conservation Districts have no guaranteed funding source to maintain their dams, and unlike hydroelectric dams, flood control dams do not generate revenue.

Providing federal funds helps, but in the past, dam sponsors have been unable to take advantage of matching NRCS funding because sponsors lack funds to match federal dollars for assessment and rehabilitation. State funding priorities and local issues must be considered when federal funds are allocated.

Greatest needs in Georgia are

- Funding to conduct current assessments of all flood control dams in Georgia.
- Funding to rehab high priority dams.
- Allowing use of state engineering standards for federally-funded dam rehabilitation.



Georgia's Flood Control Dams By the Numbers

357 flood control dams in Georgia protect roads, bridges, homes, businesses, farms, and people

\$24 million in annual benefits are provided by flood control dams in Georgia, according to USDA-NRCS

19 of Georgia's 40 Soil and Water Conservation Districts sponsor flood control dams

32 Georgia counties contain flood control dams

150 flood control dams in Georgia are classified as Category I by the State of Georgia where improper operation or dam failure could result in probable loss of human life

15 Category I flood control dams have undergone rehabilitation

135 Category I flood control dams are in need of rehabilitation

1953 is the completion year of the oldest flood control dams in Georgia

\$7.5 million in federal funding is required to rehabilitate the four highest priority flood control dams in Georgia